WEST Search History

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DATE: Sunday, July 10, 2005

Hide?	Hit Count				
	DB=PGPB; $PLUR=YES$; $OP=OR$				
	L4 (kinase near5 (bead or support)) same peptide	36			
DB=USPT; $PLUR=YES$; $OP=OR$					
	L3 (kinase near5 (bead or support)) same peptide	55			
DB=PGPB,USPT; PLUR=YES; OP=OR					
	L2 (kinase near5 (bead or support)) same peptide	91			
	DB=USPT; $PLUR=YES$; $OP=OR$				
	L1 kinase near5 (bead or support)	387			

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                 data from INPADOC
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      6
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                 KOREAPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
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         MAR 22
      10 MAR 22
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=> kinase (5n) (bead or support)
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=> fil medline biosis caplus embase wpids COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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=> kinase (5n) (bead or support)
L1 1190 KINASE (5N) (BEAD OR SUPPORT)

=> peptide and l1

L2 122 PEPTIDE AND L1

=> dup rem 12

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 53 DUP REM L2 (69 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> py>2000 and 13

L4 14 PY>2000 AND L3

=> 13 not 14

L5 39 L3 NOT L4

=> t ti 15 1-39

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN

TI Serotonin-induced protein kinase C activation in cultured rat heart endothelial cells.

- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Monoclonal antibodies generated against recombinant ATM support kinase activity.
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI N-terminal region of P protein of Chandipura virus is responsible for phosphorylation-mediated homodimerization.
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Evidence for and against a pivotal role of PI 3-kinase in a neuronal cell survival pathway.
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI A cell cycle regulated MAP kinase with a possible role in cytokinesis in tobacco cells.
- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Mechanism of platelet inhibition by nitric oxide: in vivo phosphorylation of thromboxane receptor by cyclic GMP-dependent protein kinase.
- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Requirement for Rho-mediated myosin light chain phosphorylation in thrombin-stimulated cell rounding and its dissociation from mitogenesis.
- L5 ANSWER 8 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Regulation of native Kv1.3 channels by cAMP-dependent protein phosphorylation.
- L5 ANSWER 9 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Substrates for protein kinase CK2 in insulin receptor preparations from rat liver membranes: identification of a 210-kDa protein substrate as the dimeric form of endoplasmin.
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Effect of calcitonin gene-related **peptide** on sodium absorption through isolated skin of Rana esculenta.
- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Immunocytochemical localization of protein kinases Yes and Src in amoeboid microglia in culture: association of Yes kinase with vimentin intermediate filaments.
- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Lipoyl domain-based mechanism for the integrated feedback control of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex by enhancement of pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase activity.
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- Differential modulation of bombesin-stimulated phospholipase C beta and mitogen-activated protein kinase activity by [D-Arg1, D-Phe5, D-Trp7,9, Leul1] substance P.
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Activation of serine/threonine protein kinases and early growth response 1 gene expression by tumor necrosis factor in human myeloid leukemia cells.
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The serum response factor nuclear localization signal: general implications for cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase activity in control of nuclear translocation.

- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI CD28 signal transduction: tyrosine phosphorylation and receptor association of phosphoinositide-3 kinase correlate with Ca(2+)-independent costimulatory activity.
- L5 ANSWER 17 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Casein kinase II mediates multiple phosphorylation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae eIF-2 alpha (encoded by SUI2), which is required for optimal eIF-2 function in S. cerevisiae.
- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Ro 32-0432, a selective and orally active inhibitor of protein kinase C prevents T-cell activation.
- L5 ANSWER 19 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Partial activation of the pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase by the lipoyl domain region of E2 and interchange of the kinase between lipoyl domain regions.
- L5 ANSWER 20 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI At least two kinases phosphorylate the MPM-2 epitope during Xenopus oocyte maturation.
- L5 ANSWER 21 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Insulin receptor serine kinase activation by casein kinase 2 and a membrane tyrosine kinase.
- L5 ANSWER 22 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Overexpression of protein kinase C isoenzymes alpha, beta I, gamma, and epsilon in cells overexpressing the insulin receptor. Effects on receptor phosphorylation and signaling.
- L5 ANSWER 23 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Mechanistic studies on rhodopsin kinase. Light-dependent phosphorylation of C-terminal peptides of rhodopsin.
- L5 ANSWER 24 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Direct photoaffinity-labelling of human deoxycytidine kinase with the feedback inhibitor dCTP.
- L5 ANSWER 25 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Electrophoretic purification of the alpha and beta subunits of phosphorylase kinase and evidence in support of the deduced amino acid sequences.
- L5 ANSWER 26 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Ultrastructural localization of cyclic adenosine 3',5'-monophosphatedependent protein kinase after adrenocorticotropin stimulation in adrenal cortical tumor cells.
- L5 ANSWER 27 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Interleukin 2 and diacylglycerol stimulate phosphorylation of 40 S ribosomal S6 protein. Correlation with increased protein synthesis and S6 kinase activation.
- L5 ANSWER 28 OF 39 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Altered phosphoglycerate kinase from old rat muscle shows no change in primary structure.
- L5 ANSWER 29 OF 39 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN
- TI Poly(ADP-ribose) modulates the properties of MARCKS proteins.

- ANSWER 30 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L5
- Affinity purification of recombinant proteins fused to calmodulin or to ΤI calmodulin-binding peptides
- ANSWER 31 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L5
- Application of the one-bead one-compound combinatorial library method in ΤI protein tyrosine kinase and cell surface receptor research
- ANSWER 32 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L5
- Identification and characterization of a novel peptide substrate ΤI for P60c-src protein tyrosine kinase using a one-bead one-peptide combinatorial peptide library method
- L5 ANSWER 33 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- ΤI Template directed cyclization of support-bound peptides.
- ANSWER 34 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L5
- ΤI Activation of serine/threonine protein kinases and early growth response 1 gene expression by tumor necrosis factor in human myeloid leukemia cells
- L5ANSWER 35 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TΙ Method for the detection of phosphotyrosine residues
- ANSWER 36 OF 39 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2005 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. L5on STN
- ΤI Analysis and mapping of plastin phosphorylation.
- L5ANSWER 37 OF 39 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2005 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN
- ΤI Regulation of native Kv1.3 channels by cAMP-dependent protein phosphorylation.
- L5 ANSWER 38 OF 39 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2005 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
- Synergistic activation of a G protein-coupled receptor kinase by G protein TΙ $\beta\gamma$ subunits and mastoparan or related peptides.
- ANSWER 39 OF 39 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2005 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. L5on STN
- Inhibition of neutrophil superoxide formation by 1-(5-TТ isoquinolinesulfonyl)-2-methylpiperazine (H-7), an inhibitor of protein kinase-C.

=> 15 and bead

4 L5 AND BEAD

=> d ibib abs 16 1-4

ANSWER 1 OF 4 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:342207 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800342207

TITLE: Poly(ADP-ribose) modulates the properties of MARCKS

proteins.

Schmitz, Arndt A. P.; Pleschke, Jutta M.; Kleczkowska, AUTHOR(S):

Hanna E.; Althaus, Felix R. [Reprint author]; Vergeres, Guy

[Reprint author]

Dep., Biophysical Chem., Biozentrum, Univ. Basel, CORPORATE SOURCE:

> Klingelbergstrasse 70, CH-4056 Basel, Switzerland Biochemistry, (June 30, 1998) Vol. 37, No. 26, pp.

SOURCE:

9520-9527. print.

CODEN: BICHAW. ISSN: 0006-2960.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 13 Aug 1998

Last Updated on STN: 10 Sep 1998

In mammalian cells, the formation of DNA strand breaks is accompanied by AB synthesis of poly(ADP-ribose). This nucleic acid-like homopolymer may modulate protein functions by covalent and/or noncovalent interactions. Here we show that poly(ADP-ribose) binds strongly to the proteins of the myristoylated alanine-rich C kinase substrate (MARCKS) family, MARCKS and MARCKS-related protein (also MacMARCKS or F52). MARCKS proteins are myristoylated proteins associated with membranes and the actin cytoskeleton. As targets for both protein kinase C (PKC) and calmodulin (CaM), MARCKS proteins are thought to mediate cross-talk between these two signal transduction pathways. Dot blot assays show that poly(ADP-ribose) binds to MARCKS proteins at the highly basic effector domain. Complex formation between MARCKS-related protein and CaM as well as phosphorylation of MARCKS-related protein by the catalytic subunit of PKC are strongly inhibited by equimolar amounts of poly(ADP-ribose), suggesting a high affinity of poly(ADP-ribose) for MARCKS-related protein. Binding of MARCKS-related protein to membranes is also inhibited by poly(ADP-ribose). Finally, poly(ADP-ribose) efficiently reverses the actin-filament bundling activity of a peptide corresponding to the effector domain and inhibits the formation of actin filaments in vitro. Our results suggest that MARCKS proteins and actin could be targets of the poly(ADP-ribose) DNA damage signal pathway.

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:440824 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:211222

TITLE: Application of the one-bead one-compound

combinatorial library method in protein tyrosine

kinase and cell surface receptor research

AUTHOR(S): Lam, K. S.; Lou, Q.; Wu, J.; Leftwich, M.; Mckay, R.

T.; Rychetsky, L.; Phan, H.; Joe, J.; Chen, M. -L.;

Liu-Stevens, R.; Zhao, Y.; Salmon, S. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Arizona Cancer Center, Department of Medicine,

University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85724, USA

SOURCE: Peptides: Biology and Chemistry, Proceedings of the

Chinese Peptide Symposium, 4th, Chengdu, Peop. Rep. China, July 21-25, 1996 (1998), Meeting Date 1996, 55-58. Editor(s): Xu, Xiao-Jie; Ye, Yun-Hua; Tam,

James P. Kluwer: Dordrecht, Neth.

CODEN: 66KJAP

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: English

AB The "one-bead one-compound" combinatorial library method is extremely versatile and can be used to discover ligands for various mol. targets. Assays can be developed such that a specific biol. or phys. property can be detected. These assays, whether on-bead or in solution phase can easily be adapted to the "one-bead one-compound" library concept in e.g. protein tyrosine kinase and cell surface receptor research. Thus far, this specific combinatorial library method has proven

to be very useful in both basic research and drug discovery.

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:695882 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:3618

TITLE: Identification and characterization of a novel

peptide substrate for P60c-src protein

tyrosine kinase using a one-bead one-peptide combinatorial peptide

library method

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Lam, K. S.; Lou, Q.; Wu, J.; Salmon, S. E.; Phan, H. Arizona Cancer Center, University Arizona, Tucson, AZ,

85724, USA

SOURCE:

Peptides: Chemistry, Structure and Biology,

Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 14th, Columbus, Ohio, June 18-23, 1995 (1996), Meeting Date 1995, 287-289. Editor(s): Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.; Hodges, Robert S. Mayflower Scientific: Kingswinford,

UK.

CODEN: 63NTAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: English

We have successfully applied a one-bead one-peptide combinatorial peptide library method for identification of linear peptide substrate motifs for cAMP-dependent protein kinase (a serine/threonine protein kinase) and for P60c-src protein tyrosine kinase (PTK). In this method, we first incubated the peptide-bead library with $[\gamma-32P]$ ATP and the protein kinase. After incubation, the beads were washed thoroughly with high salt buffer followed by heating with 1.0 M HCl for 5 min to remove all the non-covalent $[\gamma-32P]$ ATP binding and washed thoroughly again. The beads were then suspended in molten 1.5% (w/v) agarose and plated on a glass plate. The bead-containing gel was then air-dried to form a film and exposed to an X-ray film. Autoradiog. was then used to localize the [32P]-labeled beads. The beads corresponding to the autoradiog. spots were removed and suspended in molten agarose solution again for secondary plating. With this dilution, single [32P]-labeled beads could be isolated for microsequencing.

ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:209001 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:209001

TITLE:

Method for the detection of phosphotyrosine residues

INVENTOR(S):

Ziltener, Hermann J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9303377	A1	19930218	WO 1992-CA328	19920730

W: CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1991-739141 A 19910731

A sensitive and rapid method for detecting phosphotyrosine residues uses antiphosphotyrosine antibody in a particle concentration fluorescence immunoassay. This immunoassay can be used to measure the activity of and screen for a protein tyrosine kinase, a protein tyrosine phosphatase, and their modulators and substrates. Fluoricon 0.8-µm diameter carboxyl-activated polystyrene particles were coupled with myelin basic protein or a peptide derived from protein tyrosine kinase p56lck. Protein tyrosine kinase p56lck was assayed by adding a mixture of substrate-coated particles in Tris-HCl buffer containing ATP and MnCl2 to wells of a filtration plate, adding sample to the wells, incubating at 37° for 15 min, draining the wells, washing with buffer to remove

kinase, adding anti-phosphotyrosine monoclonal antibody, and detecting bound antibody by particle concentration fluorescence immunoassay.

=> d his

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ENTRY

-2.19

SESSION

-2.19

JUL 2005							
L1 1190 KI	NASE (5N) (BEAD OR SUPPORT)						
L2 122 PE	PTIDE AND L1						
L3 53 DU	P REM L2 (69 DUPLICATES REMOV	ED)					
L4 14 PY:	>2000 AND L3						
L5 39 L3	NOT L4						
L6 4 L5	AND BEAD						
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	m	ENTRY	SESSION				
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (TOTAL						

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